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Decision Analysis, Distributed Forces and Complex Causality

Jeffrey R. Cares

73rd MORSS

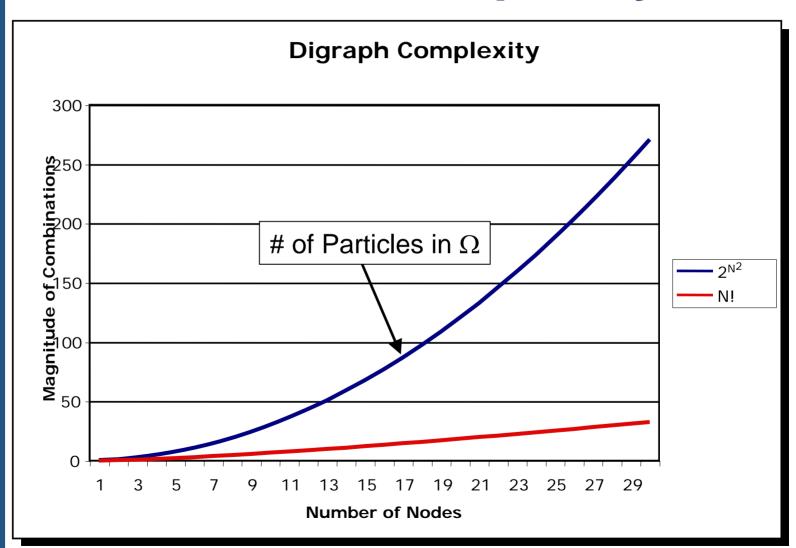


Introduction

- Distributed, networked systems are "complex systems"
- Complex Causality and distributed, networked systems
 - Even if desired effects (e.g., performance goals) are provided, methods to achieve them may be elusive
 - Control will be questionable
- Complex Causality and NCW/IAW MOEs
 - We cannot be sure that our measures actually measure effectiveness, because we cannot trace improvements in inputs to improvements in outcomes.

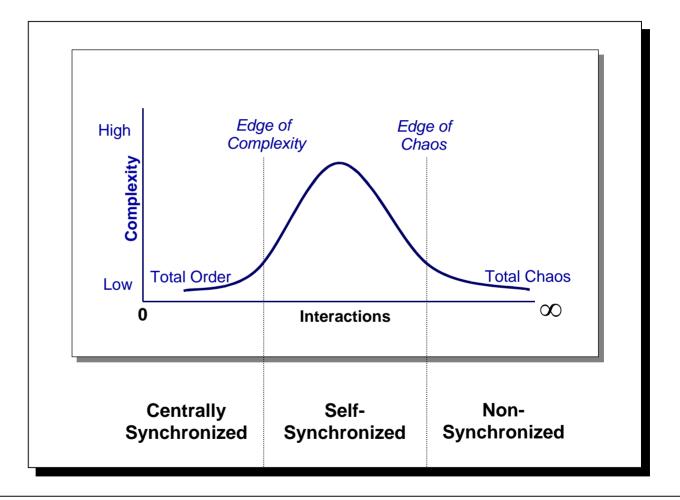


Combat Model Potential Complexity





Synchronization Continuum



Each extreme is rare; most real cases are likely in the middle (that is, partly centrally synchronized and partly non-synchronized)



"Simple" Causality

- Hume (1748)
 - A notion fundamental to human cognition
 - Basic idea, necessary and sufficient conditions
- Russell (1913)
 - Functional relationships among state variables of a system
- Suppes (1970)
 - "Probabilistic Causality": reaction to Quantum Mechanics
 - Causes raise the probability of their effects
- Mackie (1974)
 - INUS Conditions: Insufficient but non-redundant part of an unnecessary but sufficient condition
 - e.g., A lit match can cause a forest fire but not all lit matches cause forest fires

Causality is well-defined for deterministic and stochastic linear and chaotic systems



Simple Deterministic Causality

Requires "regularity" and *ceteris paribus* (among other constraints)

$$y = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}$$

$$m = 1, b = 1$$

If
$$x = 1$$
, $y = 2$
If $x = 2$, $y = 3$
If $x = 3$, $y = 4$
If $x = 4$, $y = 5$

.

- Regularity: The operators =, •, and + have consistent meaning and the result behaves in a "regular" way
- Ceteris Parabus: Fixing all other variables results in a cause always being followed by the same effect
- Separability: b can be ignored in a description of the behavior



Simple Probabilistic Causality

Complex Causality

Requires "regularity" and *ceteris paribus* (among other constraints)

A causes B iff:

• Regularity, Ceteris Parabus, Separability still pertain

P(B|A) > P(B|not-A)

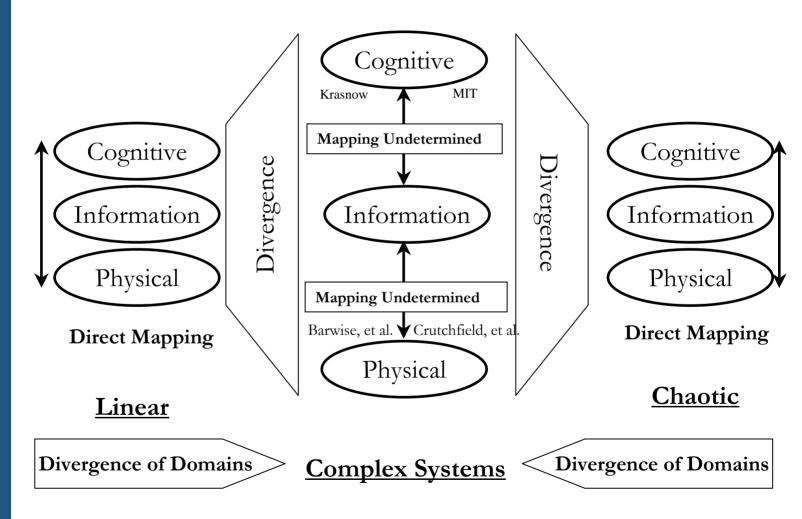
- Asymmetry and spurious correlations are issues
- Biggest problem: Reductive analysis is not possible possible. In fact, there is no theory that details the systemic connections between causation and probability



- Wagner (1997)
 - The notion of regularity does not hold for non-linear, complex systems
 - The effect depends on the context
- Hohler and Gumerman (2000)
 - New notion of causal regularity
 - Regularity exists because of the behavioral and cognitive linkages between context and action at the level of the agents
 - "Dual Status" of variables as outcomes of behavior and as contexts for behavior
- Barwise, Seligman (1997)
 - Information flow is a result of regularities in distributed systems
- Pearl, et al (1998+)
 - Structural Equation Models and complex causes
- Crutchfield and Shalizi (1999+)
 - Computational Mechanics: initial results in prediction, pattern discovery, causality in complex systems



A Research Frontier





Conclusions

- There are no tools for determining complex causality
- Brute Force approaches exist
- Fundamental research has recently started (including genomics research)
- New visions of NCW, EBO and IAW are built on a base of sand
 - Hopefully, this condition is temporary



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Questions?